Debate Bingo

As the candidates (<u>only</u> the candidates, not the moderator) use the rhetorical strategies, logical fallacies, or predictable talking points featured below, mark the corresponding boxes until you have five in a row (can be vertical, horizontal, or diagonal).

"Simpson- Bowles"	"Founding Fathers"	"Bain Capital"	Use of Anecdotal Evidence: Senior Citizen	"Constitution"
Logical Fallacy: Slippery Slope	"Washington"	Use of Anecdotal Evidence: Small Business Owner	"Citizens United"	Evasion: "No Hypothetical Questions"
"Greatest in the World"	Logical Fallacy: Straw Man	free space "America"	Platitude: Unity / End of Divisiveness (As a Nation)	"Tax Returns"
Platitude: Personal Responsibility	Empathy Anecdote: Parents' Humble Beginnings	Logical Fallacy: False Dichotomy	"Unions"	"Pioneer"
"General Motors"	Platitude: America's Promise / American Dream	Evasion: "They Have a Right to Their Opinion"	"Supreme Court"	"21st Century"

Once you've hit BINGO, be sure to upload a picture of your winning card to Twitter using **#DUDebateBingo** for the chance to win a prize from DU's Writing Program.

** see reverse side for definitions and examples of rhetorical strategies **

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Logical Fallacies:

Ad Hominem

Attacking the person making the argument instead of the argument itself.

Example: You can't believe anything Rush Limbaugh says because he is addicted to pain medication.

Slippery Slope

Claiming that a small step will lead to bigger and bigger consequences.

Example: If you legalize gay marriage, next thing you know people will be marrying animals.

Bandwagon

Claiming something is valuable or true because everyone likes/believes it.

Example: The novel Twilight is a best seller; therefore, it must be a good novel.

Straw Man

Misrepresenting your opponent's view, then attacking the misrepresentation instead of the real argument.

Example: Geoff: Having children is fulfilling.

Geoff's childless friend: Hey, just because I don't have kids doesn't mean I'm a worthless person.

False Dichotomy

Reducing a complicated issue to only two choices.

Example: America: Love it or leave it

False Analogy

Comparing two things that are not necessarily related.

Example: I can't believe this new non-smoking policy at DU. It's like Nazi Germany all over again!

Post Hoc Ergo Propter Hoc

Assuming a cause-and-effect relationship for two events just because they are temporally related (the latin translates to "after this, therefore because of this").

Example: Barack Obama was elected president in 2008, and the economy has been terrible since 2008; the President is responsible for the country's economic turmoil.

Evasion Tactics:

Reframing the Question

Skewing or rewording the original question in order to address a different matter.

Example: What I think you mean by that... or The real question here is...

"Not My (or government's) Decision to Make"

Pointing out that a matter is someone else's responsibility to avoid giving your opinion on that matter.

Example: Regardless of what I believe, this is an issue for each state/voter to decide.

"No Hypothetical Questions"

Refusing to answer hypothetical questions that may reveal your positions or opinions.

Example: I can't say how I would vote on a bill like that because one doesn't exist yet.

"They Have a Right to Their Opinion"

Using freedom of speech or freedom of belief to avoid having to reveal your own position on a matter.

Example: Question: "A member of your party has made a controversial statement. Do you agree with what he said, or are you going to denounce what he said?"

Answer: "Well, he has a right to his opinion and to expressing that opinion."